

SANYO

No.2802A

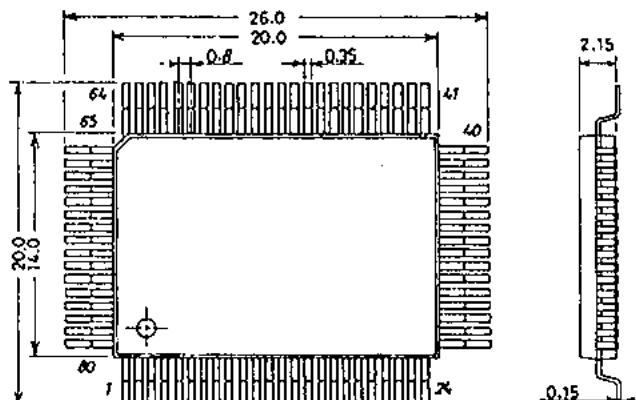
L C 7 2 3 0**Single-Chip PLL + Controller
with LCD Driver****Overview**

The LC7230 is a single chip microcontroller with internal LCD driver and phase locked loop (PLL) circuitry. It can be used as an electronic tuner and operates at a frequency of up to 150MHz. The LC7230 single chip microcontroller contains a large program memory (ROM) and other powerful hardware functions. The instruction set for the CMOS LSI controller enables the user to use it effectively and easily.

Functions

- High-speed and programmable divider
- General purpose counter : HCTR for frequency measurement
 LCTR for frequency or frequency cycle measurement. Note that the HCTR denotes the Horizontal counter and the LCTR, the Longitudinal counter.
- LCD driver : 56 segments (1/2 duty and 1/2 bias)
- Program memory (ROM) : 16 bits × 4096
- Data memory (RAM) : 4 bits × 256
- All instructions : One-word in length
- Cycle time : 2.67 microseconds
- Stack levels : 4
- Unlock flip-flop (FF) : 0.55-microsecond detection and 1.1-microsecond detection
- Timer flip-flops (FF) : 1 millisecond, 5 milliseconds, 25 milliseconds and 125 milliseconds
- Data input ports : Two ports --- One for exclusive key entry and the other input port with high withstand voltage level. Note that each port consists of four pins.
- Data output ports : 2 for exclusive key output, one open drain type output port with high withstand voltage level, 2 CMOS type output ports (One of them can be used as the LCD driver from a user application program.) Note that each port consists of four pins.
- I/O port : One I/O port controllable in 4-bit units.
 One I/O port controllable in bit units. Note that each I/O port consists of four pins.
- Timeout error detectable and specific address settable
- On-chip voltage-controlled reset circuit
- Six-bit ADC (Analog-Digital Converter)
- Eight-bit DAC × 2 (DAC : Digital-Analog Converter as a Pulse Width Modulator (PWM))
- External interrupt level : One
- HOLD mode : RAM backup at reduced power dissipation
- Sensing flip-flop (FF) circuit for Hot/Cold start decision ($V_T = 1.3V$ to $2.5V$)
- PLL (Phase Locked Loop) circuit : 4.5V to 5.5V
- CPU : 3.5V to 5.5V
- RAM : 1.3V to 5.5V

Case Outline 3044B
(unit : mm)



The application circuit diagrams and circuit constants herein are included as an example and provide no guarantee for designing equipment to be mass-produced. The information herein is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by SANYO for its use, nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use.

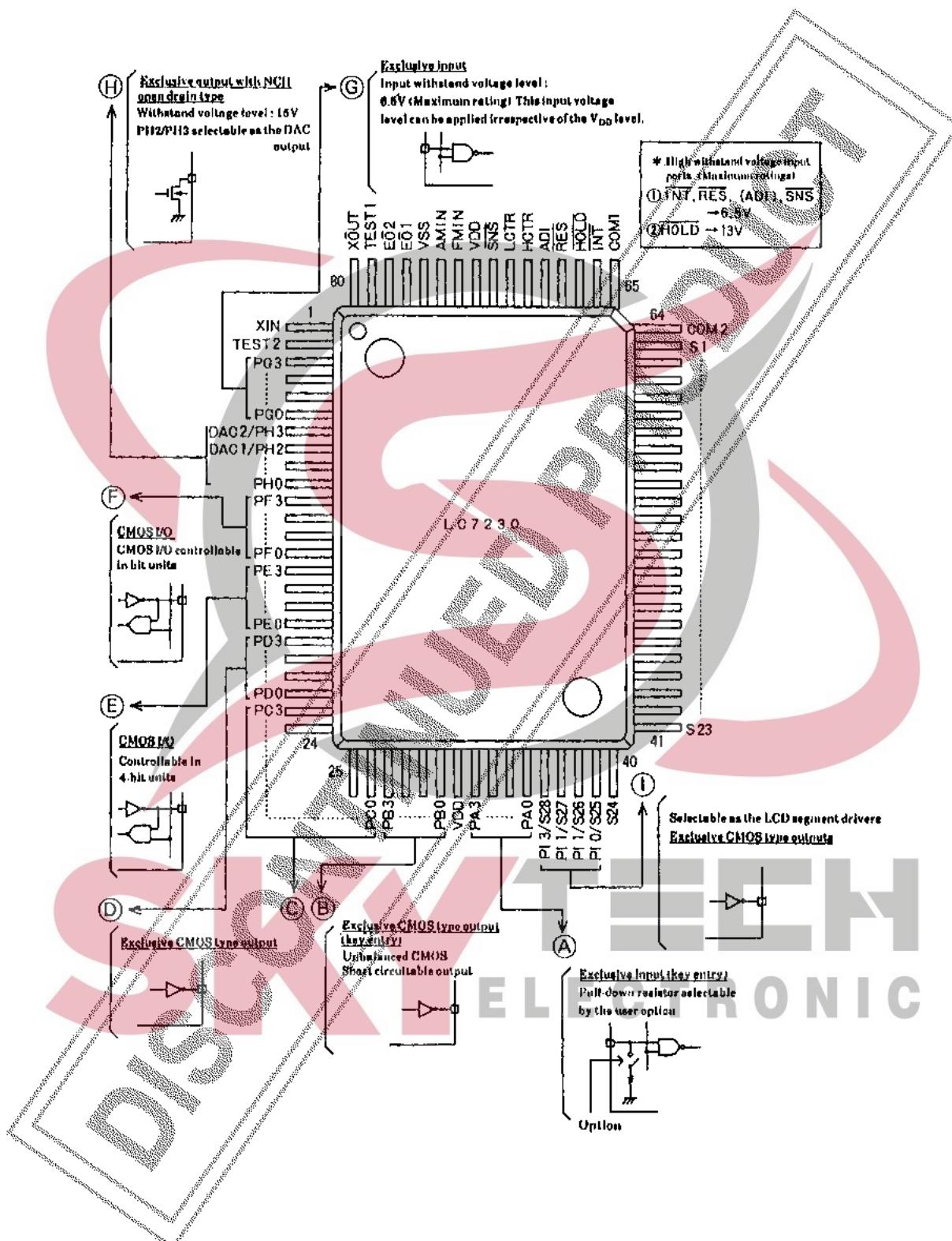
Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.

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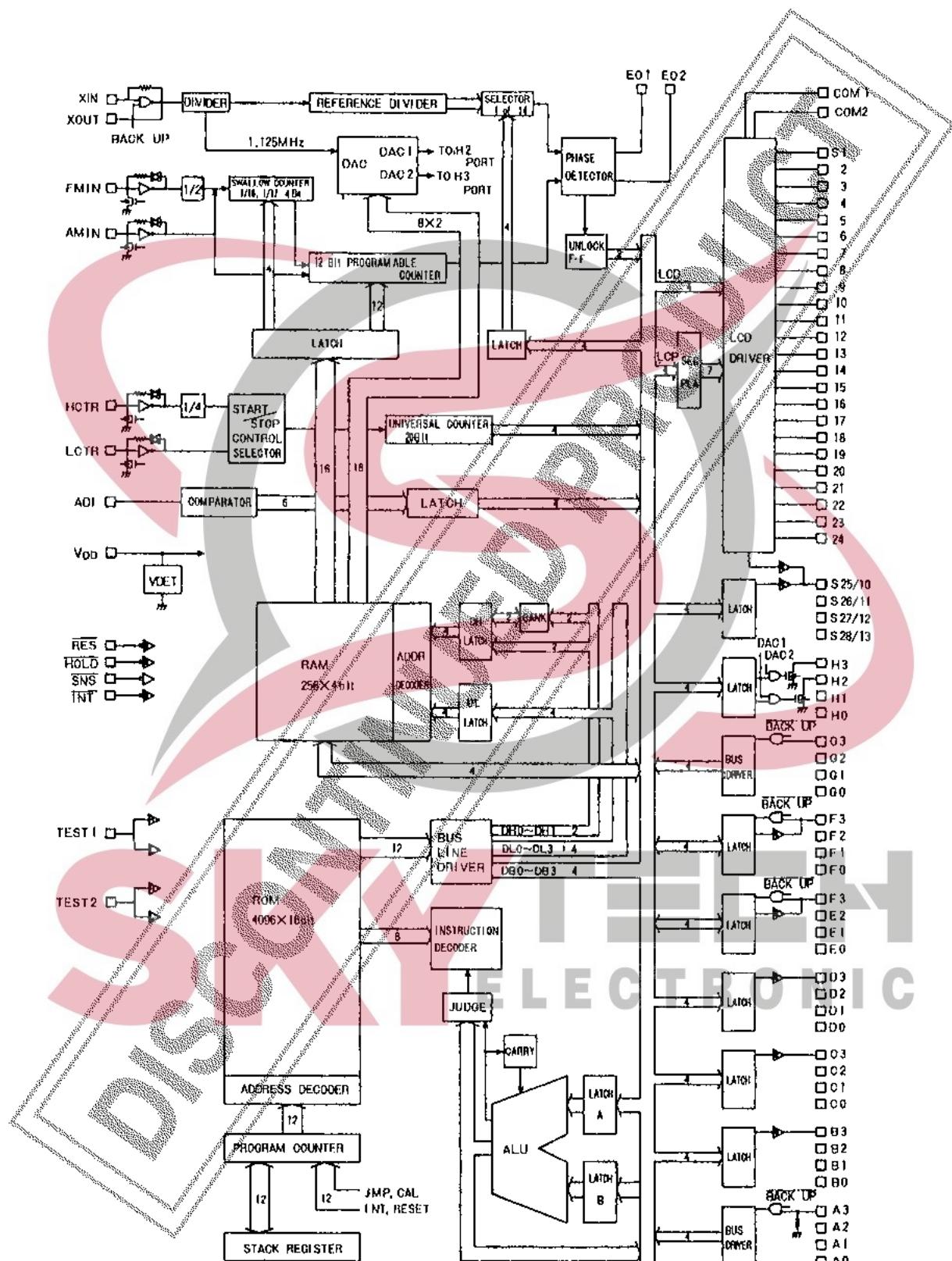
SANYO Electric Co.,Ltd. Semiconductor Overseas Marketing Div.
Natsume Bldg., 18-6, 2-chome, Yushima, Bunkyo-ku, TOKYO 113 JAPAN

3270TA/7018TA,T Datasheet4U.com
24-T HIGH SPEED Fast Server

Pin Assignment



Functional Block Diagram



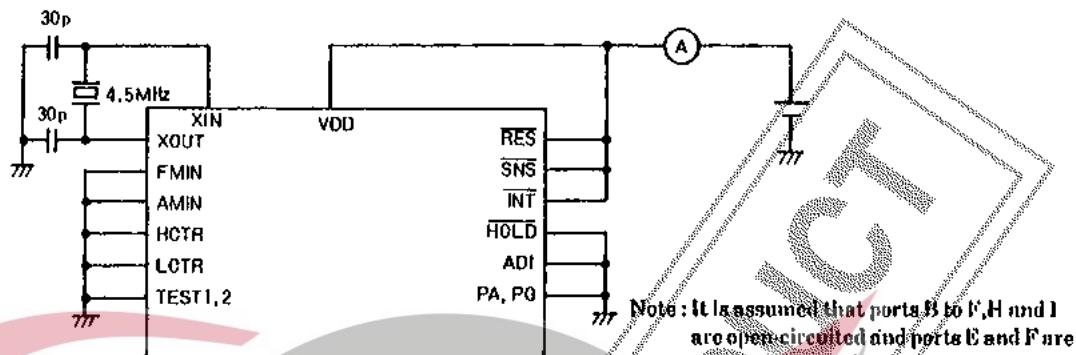
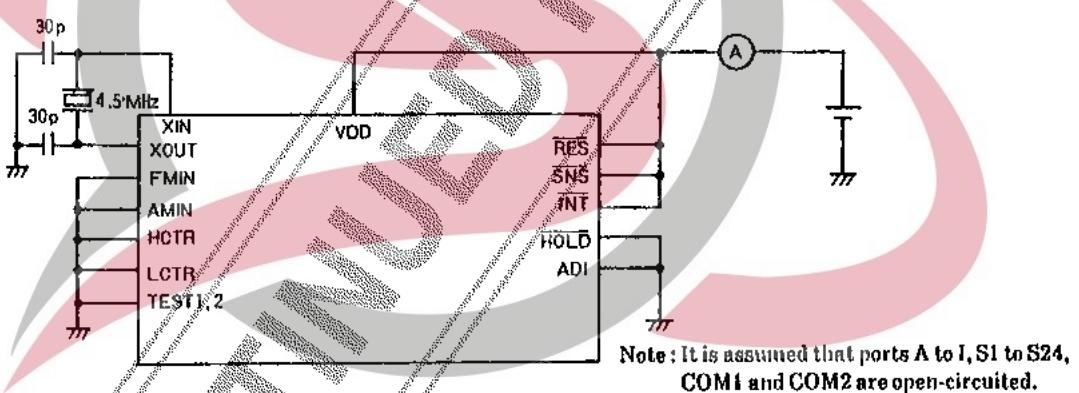
Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|----|------|
| Maximum Supply Voltage | $V_{DD \text{ max}}$ | -0.3 to 6.5 | V | unit |
| Input Voltage | $V_{IN \text{ (1)}}$ INT, RES, ADI, SNS and port G | -0.3 to 6.5 | V | |
| | $V_{IN \text{ (2)}}$ HOLD | -0.3 to 13 | V | |
| | $V_{IN \text{ (3)}}$ Inputs other than $V_{IN \text{ (1),2}}$ | -0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V | |
| Output Voltage | $V_{OUT \text{ (1)}}$ Port H | -0.3 to 15 | V | |
| | $V_{OUT \text{ (2)}}$ Output other than $V_{OUT \text{ (1)}}$ | -0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V | |
| Output Current | $I_{OUT \text{ (1)}}$ Each pin of ports D,H | 0 to 5 | mA | |
| | $I_{OUT \text{ (2)}}$ Each pin of ports E,F,I | 0 to 3 | mA | |
| Allowable Power Dissipation | $P_d \text{ max}$ | 400 | mW | |
| Operating Temperature | T_{opg} | -40 to +85 | °C | |
| Storage Temperature | T_{stg} | -45 to +125 | °C | |
| Output Current | $I_{OUT \text{ (3)}}$ Each pin of ports B,C | 0 to 1 | mA | |

Recommended Operating Conditions at $T_a = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.5$ to 5.5V , $V_{SS} = 0\text{V}$

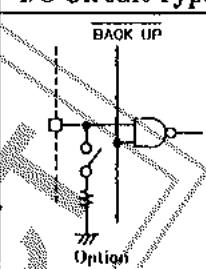
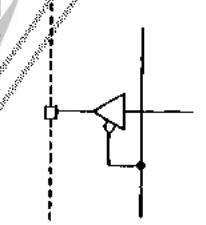
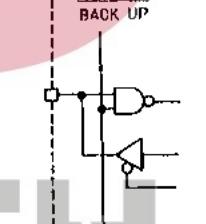
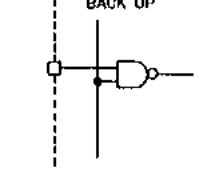
| | | | min | typ | max | unit |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|------------------|------------------|------|
| Supply Voltage | $V_{DD \text{ (1)}}$ | CPU and PLL operation | 4.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | V |
| | $V_{DD \text{ (2)}}$ | CPU operation | 3.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | V |
| | $V_{DD \text{ (3)}}$ | Memory retention | 1.3 | 5.5 | 5.5 | V |
| 'H'-Level Input Voltage | $V_{IH \text{ (1)}}$ | Port G | 0.7 V_{DD} | 5.5 | 5.5 | V |
| | $V_{IH \text{ (2)}}$ | RES, INT | 0.8 V_{DD} | 5.5 | 5.5 | V |
| | $V_{IH \text{ (3)}}$ | SNS | 2.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | V |
| | $V_{IH \text{ (4)}}$ | Port A | 0.6 V_{DD} | V_{DD} | V_{DD} | V |
| | $V_{IH \text{ (5)}}$ | Ports E,F | 0.7 V_{DD} | V_{DD} | V_{DD} | V |
| | $V_{IH \text{ (6)}}$ | LCTR (for frequency cycle measurement) $V_{DD \text{ (1)}}$ | 0.8 V_{DD} | V_{DD} | V_{DD} | V |
| | $V_{IH \text{ (7)}}$ | HOLD | 0.8 V_{DD} | 8.0 | 8.0 | V |
| 'L'-Level Input Voltage | $V_{IL \text{ (1)}}$ | Port G | 0 | 0.3 V_{DD} | 0.3 V_{DD} | V |
| | $V_{IL \text{ (2)}}$ | RES, INT, HOLD | 0 | 0.2 V_{DD} | 0.2 V_{DD} | V |
| | $V_{IL \text{ (3)}}$ | SNS | 0 | 1.3 | 1.3 | V |
| | $V_{IL \text{ (4)}}$ | Port A | 0 | 0.2 V_{DD} | 0.2 V_{DD} | V |
| | $V_{IL \text{ (5)}}$ | Ports E,F | 0 | 0.3 V_{DD} | 0.3 V_{DD} | V |
| | $V_{IL \text{ (6)}}$ | LCTR (for frequency cycle measurement) $V_{DD \text{ (1)}}$ | 0 | 0.2 V_{DD} | 0.2 V_{DD} | V |
| Input Frequency | $f_{IN \text{ (1)}}$ | X IN | 4.0 | 4.5 | 5.0 | MHz |
| | $f_{IN \text{ (2)}}$ | FM IN | $V_{IN \text{ (2)}}$ $V_{DD \text{ (1)}}$ | 10 | 130 | MHz |
| | $f_{IN \text{ (3)}}$ | FM IN | $V_{IN \text{ (3)}}$ $V_{DD \text{ (1)}}$ | 10 | 150 | MHz |
| | $f_{IN \text{ (4)}}$ | AM IN(L) | $V_{IN \text{ (4)}}$ $V_{DD \text{ (1)}}$ | 0.5 | 10 | MHz |
| | $f_{IN \text{ (5)}}$ | AM IN(H) | $V_{IN \text{ (5)}}$ $V_{DD \text{ (1)}}$ | 2.0 | 40 | MHz |
| | $f_{IN \text{ (6)}}$ | HCTR | $V_{IN \text{ (6)}}$ $V_{DD \text{ (1)}}$ | 0.4 | 12 | MHz |
| | $f_{IN \text{ (7)}}$ | ECTR (for frequency measurement) | $V_{IN \text{ (7)}}$ $V_{DD \text{ (1)}}$ | 100 | 500 | kHz |
| | $f_{IN \text{ (8)}}$ | LCTR (for frequency cycle measurement) $V_{IH \text{ (6)}}$, $V_{IL \text{ (6)}}$ $V_{DD \text{ (1)}}$ | 1 | 20×10^3 | 20×10^3 | Hz |
| Input Amplitude | $V_{IN \text{ (1)}}$ | X IN | | | 1.5 | Vrms |
| | $V_{IN \text{ (2)}}$ | FM IN | | | 1.5 | Vrms |
| | $V_{IN \text{ (3)}}$ | FM IN | | | 1.5 | Vrms |
| | $V_{IN \text{ (4)}}$ (5) | AM IN | | | 1.5 | Vrms |
| | $V_{IN \text{ (6)}}$ (7) | LCTR, HCTR | | | 1.5 | Vrms |
| Input Voltage Range | $V_{IN \text{ (8)}}$ | ADI | 0 | V_{DD} | V_{DD} | V |

| Electrical Characteristics (under recommended operating conditions) | | min | typ | max | unit |
|---|-----------------------|---|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Hysteresis Voltage | V _H | LCTR (frequency cycle measurement), 0.1V _{DD} RES,HOLD,INT SNS | | | V |
| Reject Pulse Width | P _{REJ} | | 2.7 | 3.0 | 50 μ sec |
| Power-down | V _{DET} | | | 3.3 | V |
| Detection Voltage | | | | | |
| 'H'-Level Input Current | I _{HH} (1) | INT,HOLD,RES,ADI,SNS,port G, V _I =5.5V | | 3.0 | μ A |
| | I _{HH} (2) | Ports A,E,F, Note that the ports E,F should be set to input mode and that port A is not used with the optional pull-down resistor. V _I =V _{DD} | | 3.0 | μ A |
| | I _{HH} (3) | XIN V _I =V _{DD} =5.0V | 2.0 | 5.0 | 15 μ A |
| | I _{HH} (4) | FMIN,AMIN,HCTR,LCTR, V _I =V _{DD} =5.0V | 4.0 | 10 | 30 μ A |
| | I _{HH} (5) | Port A with the optional pull-down resistor, V _I =V _{DD} =5.0V | | 60 | μ A |
| 'L'-Level Input Current | I _{HL} (1) | V _I =V _{SS} | | 3.0 | μ A |
| | I _{HL} (2) | V _I =V _{SS} | | 3.0 | μ A |
| | I _{HL} (3) | V _I =V _{SS} | 2.0 | 5.0 | 15 μ A |
| | I _{HL} (3) | V _I =V _{SS} | 4.0 | 10 | 30 μ A |
| Input Floating Voltage | V _{IF} | Port A with the optional pull-down resistor | | 0.05V _{DD} | V |
| Pull-Down Resistance | R _{PD} | Port A with the optional pull-down resistor | 75 | 100 | 200 k Ω |
| Output OFF Leakage Current | I _{OFFH} (1) | EO1,EO2 V _O =V _{DD} | | 0.01 | 10 nA |
| | I _{OFFH} (2) | Ports B,C,D,E,F,I V _O =V _{DD} | | | 3.0 μ A |
| | I _{OFFH} (3) | Port H V _O =13V | | | 5.0 μ A |
| Output OFF Leakage Current | I _{OFFL} (1) | EO1,EO2 V _O =V _{SS} | | 0.01 | 10 nA |
| | I _{OFFL} (2) | Ports B,C,D,E,F,I V _O =V _{SS} | | | 3.0 μ A |
| 'H'-Level Output Voltage | V _{OH} (1) | Ports B,C I _O =1mA | V _{DD} | V _{DD} | V |
| | V _{OH} (2) | Ports E,F,I I _O =1mA | V _{DD} -1.0 | | V |
| | V _{OH} (3) | EO1,EO2 I _O =500 μ A | V _{DD} -1.0 | | V |
| | V _{OH} (4) | XOUT I _O =200 μ A | V _{DD} -1.0 | | V |
| | V _{OH} (5) | S1 to S28 I _O =-0.1mA | V _{DD} -1.0 | | V |
| | V _{OH} (6) | Port D I _O =5mA | V _{DD} -1.0 | | V |
| | V _{OH} (7) | COM1,COM2 I _O =20 μ A | V _{DD} | V _{DD} | V |
| | V _{OH} (8) | Port H I _O =5mA | -0.7 | -0.5 | -0.35 V |
| 'L'-Level Output Voltage | V _{OL} (1) | Ports B,C I _O =50 μ A | 0.5 | 1.0 | 2.0 V |
| | V _{OL} (2) | Ports E,F,I I _O =1mA | | | 1.0 V |
| | V _{OL} (3) | EO1,EO2 I _O =500 μ A | | | 1.0 V |
| | V _{OL} (4) | XOUT I _O =200 μ A | | | 1.0 V |
| | V _{OL} (5) | S1 to S28 I _O =0.1mA | | | 1.0 V |
| | V _{OL} (6) | Port D I _O =5mA | | | 1.0 V |
| | V _{OL} (7) | COM1,COM2 I _O =20 μ A | 0.35 | 0.6 | 0.7 V |
| | V _{OL} (8) | Port H I _O =5mA | 0.75 | | 2.0 V |
| 'M'-Level Output Voltage | V _M (1) | COM1,COM2,V _{DD} =5V,I _O =20 μ A | (200 Ω) | | (400 Ω) V |
| AD Conversion Error | | ADI V _{DD} (1) | -1/2 | | 1/2 LSB |
| Supply Current | I _{DD} (1) | V _{DD} (1),f _{IN} (2)=130MHz | | 15 | 25 mA |
| | I _{DD} (2) | V _{DD} (2),PLL in stop state (with the HOLD mode ON. See Figure 1.) | | 2 | 3 mA |
| | I _{DD} (3) | V _{DD} =5.5V,OSC in stop state,T _a =25°C (with the BACKUP mode ON. See Figure 2.) | | | 5 μ A |
| | | V _{DD} =2.5V,OSC in stop state,T _a =25°C (with the BACKUP mode ON. See Figure 2.) | | | 1 μ A |

Figure 1. I_{DD} (2) at HOLD modeFigure 2. I_{DD} (3) at BACKUP mode

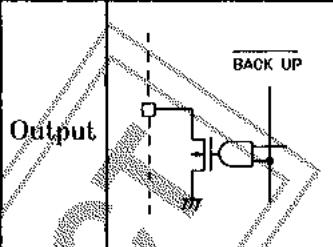
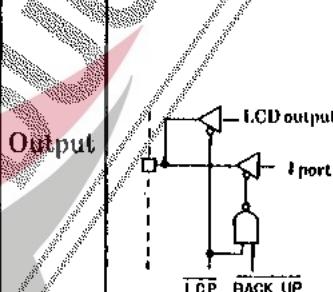
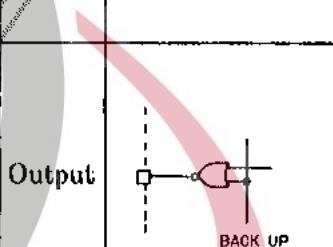
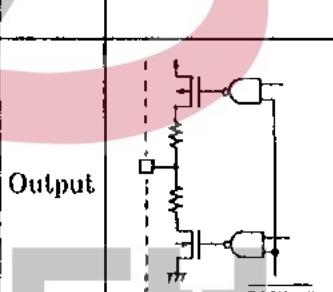
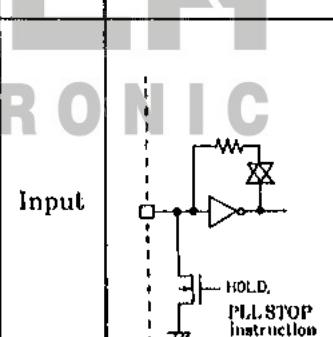
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Pin Description

| Pin Name | Pin No. | Functional Description | I/O | I/O Circuit Type |
|--|--|---|------------------|---|
| PA ₀ PA ₁ PA ₂ PA ₃ | 35 34 33 32 | Used exclusively for data input. Low threshold type. These port pins can be used for key data entry. Pull-down resistance can be selected by the user option. In this selection, all the four port pins are controlled at a time. That is, the pull-down resistor cannot be selected for each port pin individually. Input to the port pins is inhibited during the BACKUP mode ON. | Input |  |
| PB ₀ PB ₁ PB ₂ PB ₃ PC ₀ PC ₁ PC ₂ PC ₃ | 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 | Used exclusively for data output. Can be used for key scan timing signal output because these ports are composed of CMOS transistors with unbalanced impedance. Enter into output high impedance state at the BACKUP mode. Placed in "L" level state at the reset (RES = "L"). | Output |  |
| PD ₀ PD ₁ PD ₂ PD ₃ | 22 21 20 19 | Used exclusively for data output. Normal CMOS output type. Enter into output high impedance state at the BACKUP mode. Placed in the "L" level state at the reset (RES = "L"). | |  |
| PE ₀ PE ₁ PE ₂ PE ₃ | 18 17 16 15 | Used for data input and output. The port is set to the input mode once the input instruction (IN, IPT, or TPF) is executed in your application program while set to the output mode if the output instruction (OUT, SPB, RPB) is used. The operation mode once selected by such an instruction can be effective until an instruction of different type is used in your application program. Set to the input mode at the reset (RES = "L"). Set to the input mode at the BACKUP mode. In this case, note that data input to this port is inhibited. | Input/ output |  |
| PF ₀ PF ₁ PF ₂ PF ₃ | 14 13 12 11 | Used for data input and output. This port is controlled by the IFFC instruction. Each port pin can be set to the input mode or the output mode by that instruction. Set to the input mode at the reset (RES = "L"). This port is set to the input mode at the BACKUP mode. In this case, note that data input to this port is inhibited. | |  |
| PG ₀ PG ₁ PG ₂ PG ₃ | 6 5 4 3 | Used exclusively for data input. Data input to the port is inhibited at the BACKUP mode. | Input |  |

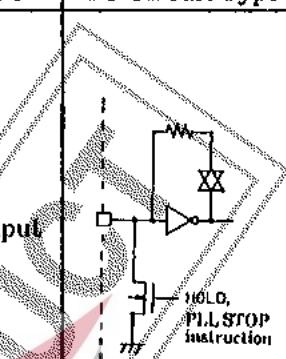
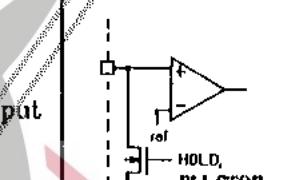
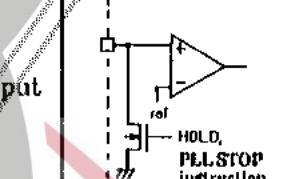
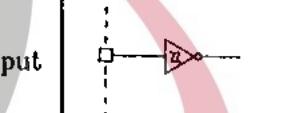
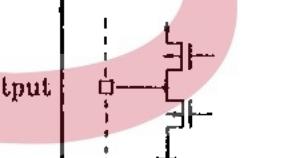
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| Pin Name | Pin No. | Functional Description | I/O | I/O Circuit Type |
|--|----------------------|---|--------|---|
| PH ₀ PH ₁ PH ₂ PH ₃ | 10 9 8 7 | Used exclusively for data output. This port can be used for frequency band power source selection because this port has Nch open drain output circuit at high withstand voltage level. Port pins H2 and H3 can be also used as the DAC1 and DAC2 outputs, respectively. Enter into high impedance state at the reset (RES = "L") and the BACKUP mode. | Output |  |
| PI ₀ /S26 PI ₁ /S26 PI ₂ /S27 PI ₃ /S28 | 39 38 37 36 | Used exclusively for data output. This port has the CMOS type output circuit and can be selected as the LCD driver output ports. The port operation mode can be selected by the SS or RS instruction. The output mode cannot be selected by such an instruction in bit units. This port is set to the LCD driver output mode at the reset (RES = "L") and at power supply. In this case, segment display is forced into the OFF state. This port is fixed to the "L" level at the BACKUP mode. | Output |  |
| S1 to S24 | 63 to 40 | Used for driving segments. That is, these ports are used as the LCD output drivers. The frame frequency for segment output is 100Hz. The lighting format is 1/2 duty and 1/2 bias. The segment display is forced into the OFF state at the reset (RES = "L") and power supply. This port is set to the "L" level at the BACKUP mode. | Output |  |
| COM1 COM2 | 65 64 | Used for LCD drive common signal output. The lighting format is 1/2 duty and 1/2 bias. Normal output at the reset (RES = "L") and power supply. These ports are set to the "L" level at the BACKUP mode. | Output |  |
| FM IN | | Used for FM VCO input (local oscillation). Note that the VCO means Voltage-Controlled Oscillation. Input through capacitor coupling is required. The input frequency range is between 10MHz and 130MHz. | | |
| AM IN | | Used for AM VCO input (local oscillation). Note that the VCO means Voltage-Controlled Oscillation. Input through capacitor coupling is required. Frequency bands can be selected by CW1 of the PLL instruction. Hi (2 to 40MHz) → SW Lo (0.5 to 10MHz) → LW, MW | Input |  |

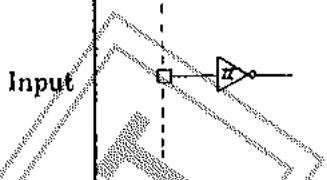
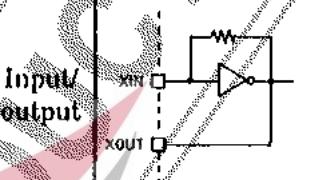
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| Pin Name | Pin No. | Functional Description | I/O | I/O Circuit Type |
|------------|----------|---|--------|---|
| HCTR | 70 | Used for universal counter input. Input through capacitor coupling is required. The input frequency range is between 0.4MHz and 12MHz. This port can be used for counting FM IF and AM IF. | Input |  |
| LCTR | 71 | Used for universal counter input. Input through capacitor coupling is required when the input frequency range is between 100kHz and 500kHz. Input through capacitor coupling is not required when the input frequency range is between 1Hz and 20kHz. This port can be used for counting AM IF. | Input |  |
| ADI | 69 | Used for AD converter input. The AD converter is composed of a 6-bit sequential comparator requiring a conversion time of 1.28 milliseconds. Full-scale data (3FH) : VDD × 63/96 | Input |  |
| INT | 66 | Used for interrupt request signal input. Interrupt request becomes active if falling signal edge is detected at the port with the INTEN flag already set. Note that this flag is set by the SS instruction. | Input |  |
| EO1 EO2 | 77 78 | Used for phase comparison error output. Note that reference signal frequency and programmable divider output signal frequency are compared in their phase. On-chip charge pump available. The EO1 and the EO2 has the same circuit type. | Output |  |
| SNS | 72 | Used at the BACKUP mode for power failure signal input. This port can be used as a normal input port. | Input |  |
| HOLD | 67 | Used for HOLD mode request signal input. The HOLD mode becomes active if the HOLD pin logic changes to "L" with the HOLDEN flag already ON. Note that this flag is set by the SS instruction. The withstand voltage level of this port is high in order that the port can be used together with a power switch. | Input |  |

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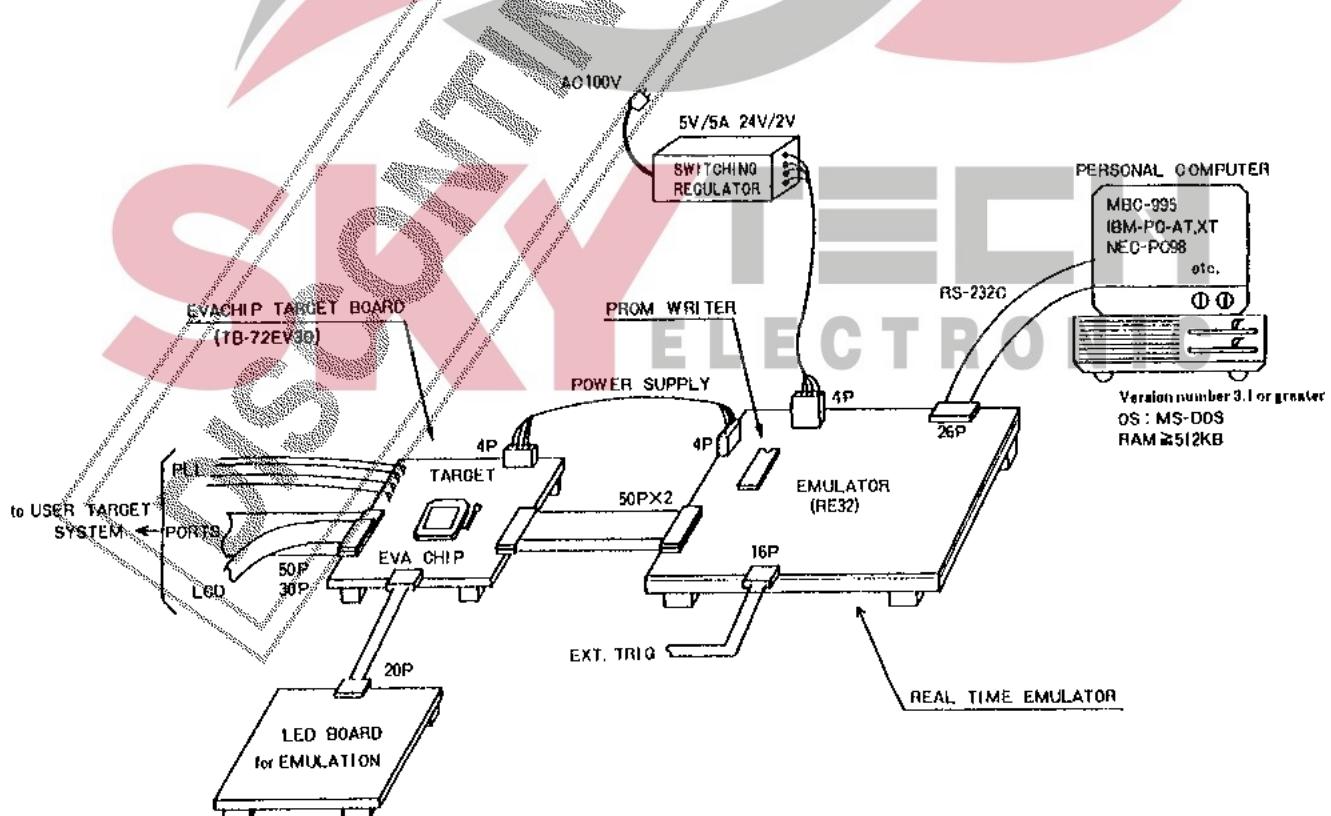
| Pin Name | Pin No. | Functional Description | I/O | I/O Circuit Type |
|----------------|--------------|---|--------------|---|
| RES | 68 | Used for the system reset request input. The power up "L" level reset request signal must be applied to this port for more than 75 milliseconds. The reset "L" level start request signal must be applied to this port for more than five fundamental clock cycles. | Input |  |
| XIN XOUT | 1 80 | These two pins are used for X'tal oscillation frequency (4.5MHz) input and output. On-chip feedback resistor available. | Input/output |  |
| TEST1 TEST2 | 2 79 | These two pins are used for LST test signal input. They should be open-circuited or connected with the Vss pin. | - | - |
| VDD VSS | 31, 73 76 | Power source | - | - |

Options

1. Pull-down resistor selectable for port pins PA₀ to PA₃ by the user option
2. Watchdog timer (WDT) circuit internally selectable

Development support tool system

- EVA chip : LC72EV30
- Host personal computer-controlled total debug system. Target board (TB-72EV30) and High functional emulator (RE32).



Instruction set for the LC7230 single chip controller

Abbreviations : ADDR : Program memory address(12 bits)

M : Data memory address

b : Borrow

N : Bit position[4 bits]

B : Bank number [2 bits]

Pn : Port number[4 bits]

C : Carry

r : General register(One of the address between 00H and 0FH in each bank preo)

DH : Data memory address high(Row address)(2 bits)

Rn : Register number[4 bits]

DL : Data memory address Low(Column address)(4 bits)

() : Contents of register or memory

I : Immediate data(4 bits)

()n : Contents of bit N of register or memory

| Instruction type | Mnemonic | Operand | | Functional Description | Operations Description | Machine Code | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------|---------|-----|---|--|--------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|----|
| | | 1st | 2nd | | | D15 | M | I3 | I2 | I1 | I0 | S8 | S7 | S5 | S4 | S3 | S2 | I10 | I9 | I8 |
| Addition instruction | ADD | r | M | Add M to r | $r \leftarrow (r) + (M)$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| | ADS | r | M | Add M to r,then skip if carry | $r \leftarrow (r) + (M)$, skip if carry | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| | AC | r | M | Add M to r with carry | $r + (r) + (M) + C$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| | ACS | r | M | Add M to r with carry,then skip if carry | $r + (r) + (M) + C$, skip if carry | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| | AI | M | I | Add I to M | $M \leftarrow (M) + I$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | DH | | DL | | I | | | | |
| | AIS | M | I | Add I to M,then skip if carry | $M + (M) + I$, skip if carry | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | DH | | DL | | I | | | | |
| | AIC | M | I | Add I to M with carry | $M + (M) + I + C$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | DH | | DL | | I | | | | |
| | AICS | M | I | Add I to M with carry,then skip if carry | $M + (M) + I + C$, skip if carry | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | DH | | DL | | I | | | | |
| Subtraction instruction | SU | r | M | Subtract M from r | $r \leftarrow (r) - (M)$ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| | SUS | r | M | Subtract M from r,then skip if borrow | $r \leftarrow (r) - (M)$, skip if borrow | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| | SB | r | M | Subtract M from r with borrow | $r \leftarrow (r) - (M) - b$ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| | SBS | r | M | Subtract M from r with borrow, then skip if borrow | $r \leftarrow (r) - (M) - b$, skip if borrow | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| | SI | M | I | Subtract I from M | $M \leftarrow (M) - I$ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | DH | | DL | | I | | | | |
| | SIS | M | I | Subtract I from M then skip if borrow | $M + (M) - I$, skip if borrow | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | DH | | DL | | I | | | | |
| | SIB | M | I | Subtract I from M with borrow | $M \leftarrow (M) - I - b$ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | DH | | DL | | I | | | | |
| | SIBS | M | I | Subtract I from M with borrow, then skip if borrow | $M \leftarrow (M) - I - b$, skip if borrow | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | DH | | DL | | I | | | | |
| Compare instruction | SEQ | r | M | Skip if r equals M | $r - M$ skip if zero | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| | SGE | r | M | Skip if r is greater than or equal to M | $r - M$ Skip if not borrow($r \geq (M)$) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| | SGE1 | M | I | Skip if M equal to I | $M - I$ skip if zero | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | DH | | DL | | I | | | | |
| | SGEI | M | I | Skip if M is greater than or equal to I | $M - I$ skip if not borrow($M \geq I$) | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | DH | | DL | | I | | | | |
| Logic operations instruction | AND | M | I | AND I with M | $M \leftarrow (M) \wedge I$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | DH | | DL | | I | | | | |
| | OR | M | I | Or I with M | $M \leftarrow (M) \vee I$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | DH | | DL | | I | | | | |
| | EXL | r | M | Exclusive OR M with r | $r \leftarrow (r) \oplus (M)$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| | LD | r | M | Load M to r | $r \leftarrow (M)$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| Transfer instruction | ST | M | r | Store r to M | $M \leftarrow (r)$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| | MVRD | r | M | Move M to destination M referring to r in the same row | $[DH.Rn] \leftarrow (M)$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |
| | MVRS | M | r | Move source M referring to r to M in the same row | $M \leftarrow [DH.Rn]$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | DH | | DL | | Rn | | | | |

| Instruction type | Mnemonic | Operand | | Functional Description | Operations Description | Machine Code | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|---------|-----|---|---|--------------|----|----|----|----|---|----|------|-------|----------------|---|---|---|----|--|
| | | 1st | 2nd | | | D1 | I3 | I2 | I1 | I0 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | D0 | |
| Transfer instruction | MVSR | M1 | M2 | Move M to M in the same row | [DH,DL] \leftarrow [DH,DL] | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | DH | DL,1 | DL,2 | | | | | | |
| | MVI | M | I | Move I to M | M \leftarrow I | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | DH | DL | I | | | | | | |
| | PLL | M | r | Load M to PLL registers | PLLr \leftarrow PLL, DATA | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | DH | DL | Rn | | | | | | |
| Bit test instruction | TMT | M | N | Test M bits, then skip if all bits specified are true | If M(N)=all "1", then skip | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DH | DL | N | | | | | | |
| | TMF | M | N | Test M bits, then skip if all bits specified are false | If M(N)=all "0", then skip | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | DH | DL | N | | | | | | |
| Jump-and-subroutine instructions | JMP | ADDR | | Jump to the address | PC \leftarrow ADDR | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | ADDR (12 bits) | | | | | |
| | CAL | ADDR | | Call subroutine | Stack \leftarrow (PC)+1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | ADDR (12 bits) | | | | | |
| | RT | | | Return from subroutine | PC \leftarrow Stack | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | RTI | | | Return from interrupt | PC \leftarrow Stack | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| F/F test instruction | TPM | N | | Test timer F/F then skip if it has not been set | If Timer F/F="0", then skip | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | N | |
| | TUL | N | | Test unlock F/F then skip if it has not been set | If ULK F/F="0", then skip | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | N | |
| Status register instruction | SS | N | | Set status register | (Status register 1)N \leftarrow 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | N | |
| | RS | N | | Reset status register | (Status register 1)N \leftarrow 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | N | |
| | TST | N | | Test status register true | If (Status register 2)N="all "1", then skip | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | N | |
| | TSF | N | | Test status register false | If (Status register 2)N="all "0"; then skip | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | N | |
| Input/output (I/O) instruction | BANK | B | | Select Bank | BANK \leftarrow B | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | B | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | LCD | M | I | Output segment pattern to LCD digit direct | LCD(DIGIT) \leftarrow M | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | DH | DL | DIGIT | | | | | | |
| | LCI | M | I | Output segment pattern to LCD digit through PLA | LCD(DIGIT) \leftarrow PLA \leftarrow M | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | DH | DL | DIGIT | | | | | | |
| | IN | M | P | Input port data to M | M \leftarrow (Port(P)) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | DH | DL | P | | | | | | |
| | OUT | M | P | Output contents of M to port | (Port(P)) \leftarrow M | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | DH | DL | P | | | | | | |
| | SPB | P | N | Set port bits | (Port(P))N \leftarrow 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | P | N | | | | | |
| | RPB | P | M | Reset port bits | (Port(P))N \leftarrow 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | P | N | | | | | |
| | TPT | P | N | Test port bits, then skip if all bits specified are true | If (Port(P))N=all "1", then skip | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | P | N | | | | |
| | TPF | P | N | Test port bits, then skip if all bits specified are false | If (Port(P))N=all "0", then skip | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | P | N | | | | | |
| Universal consider instruction | UCCS | I | | Set I to UCCW1 | UCCW \leftarrow I | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | I | |
| | UCC | I | | Set I to UCCW2 | UCCW2 \leftarrow I | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | I | |
| Other instructions | FPC | N | | Fport I/O control | FPC Latch \leftarrow N | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | N | |
| | CKSTP | | | Clock stop | Stop clock if HOLD=0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | DAC | I | | Load M to D/A registers | DReg \leftarrow DAC DATA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | I | |
| | NOP | | | No operation | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |